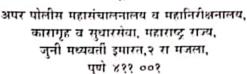
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सुधारणा व पुनवंसन

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#### महाराष्ट्र शासन





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जा.क्र. न्यावि/ मुपुसु/ एसएलपी ५२९/२१/ **1673 ५**/२०२४, कक्ष ९ (५), पुणे विनांक **23. १**२२०२४

विषय:- मा. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय, नवी दिल्ली यांचेकडील SMWP (Crl.) No. ४/२०२१ IN RE POLICY STRATEGY FOR GRANT OF BAIL WITH SLP(Crl) No. ५२९/२०२१ (II-C) मधील दिनांक २२.१०.२०२४ रोजीच्या आदेशानुसार कार्यवाही करणेवावत.

संदर्भ :- शासन पत्र क्र. संकिणं १४२१/प्र.क्र.५१६/ तुरुंग-३, दिनांक १३ डिसंबर २०२४

उपरोक्त विषयास अनुसरून सादर करण्यात येते की, मा. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय, नवी दिल्ली यांचेकडील SMWP (Crl.) No. ४/२०२१ With एसएलपी (क्रि.) ५२९/२०२१ मध्ये दिनांक २२.१०.२०२४ रोजीच्या आदेशाची प्रत शासनाच्या संदर्भीय पत्रान्वये प्राप्त झालेली आहे.

संदर्भीय शासन पत्र व मा. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय, नवी दिल्ली यांचेकडील SMWP (Crl.) No. ४/२०२१ व एसएलपी (क्रि.) ५२९/२०२१ मधील दिनांक २२.१०.२०२४ रोजीच्या आदेशाची प्रत या सोवत पाठविण्यात येत असुन मा. सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाच्या निर्देशनानुसार कार्यवाही करण्यात यावी.

सोवत :- वरिलप्रमाणे.

(डॉ. जालिंदर सुपेकर) विशेष पोलीस महानिरीक्षक. (मृ.) कारागृह व सुधारसेवा महाराष्ट्र राज्य, पुणे-१

प्रति, सर्व अधीक्षक, मध्यवर्ती /जिल्हा/विशेष/ खुले कारागृह, खुली वसाहत आटपाडी.

प्रत :- १. मा. प्रधान सचिव, गृह विभाग, (अ.व.सु.), महाराष्ट्र शासन, मंत्रालय, मुंबई - ४०० ०३२ (लक्षवेध - श्री. नारायण बी. माने, अवर सचिव, गृह विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई-३२.)

प्रत:- पुढील आवश्यक कार्यवाहीकरीता १. विशेष पोलीस महानिरीक्षक (कारागृह), नाशिक विभाग, नाशिक, २) विशेष पोलीस १. विशेष पोलीस महानिरीक्षक (कारागृह), मध्य विभाग, छत्रपती संभाजीनगर. ३) कारागृह उपमहानिरीक्षक, महानिरीक्षक (कारागृह), मध्य विभाग, छत्रपती संभाजीनगर. ३) कारागृह उपमहानिरीक्षक, पुर्व विभाग नागपुर, ४) कारागृह उपमहानिरीक्षक, पश्चिम विभाग, येरवडा पुणे-६, ५) कारागृह उपमहानिरीक्षक, दक्षिण विभाग, मुंबई

अमहानिराक्षक, दाक्षण विभाग, गुजर प्रत:- कक्ष अधिकारी, ईसेल (कक्ष क्र. १३), मुख्यालय, पुणे यांना आवश्यक कार्यवाहीकरीता.

#### LETTER

To.

The Inspector General of Prisons. State of Maharashtra, Pune.

No. RLP-1077/348-PRS-3

Home Department, Mantralaya.

Bombay – 400032.

Dated the 16<sup>th</sup> November 1978.

Subject: Guidelines for Pre-Mature Release of
Under the '14 year rule' of
prisoners serving Life Sentence----Revision of -----

Reference: Government letters. Home department.

No. RLP-5171/54309-IV. dated the 8<sup>th</sup>

January 1974 and No. RLP. 1077-348/XXIV.

Dated the 4<sup>th</sup> of October 1977.

Government had approved, vide Government letter. Home Department. No. RLP-5171/54309-IV dated the 8<sup>th</sup> of January 1974, the categorization of crime a with corresponding total periods of imprisonment ranging generally between 16 to 22 years as given in paragraph 8 of your letter No. FYR 1069/II dated the 3<sup>rd</sup> of September 1971. The guiding principles laid down therein indicate only a broad division of the pattern of crimes for the purpose of premature release of prisoners sentenced to imprisonment for life, and do not cover all the categories of prisoners sentenced for various offences. It was therefore necessary to revise the guiding principles so as to have a more comprehensive coverage of cases involving the punishment of imprisonment for life, which could be followed while considering the cases for premature release under the 14 year rule. Accordingly, the question of evolving comprehensive guidelines for premature release under the 14 year rule of prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment was considered by Government and Government is pleased to lay down the following revised guidelines.

Sr. No.		Categorisation of Crime	Period of total imprisonment
		A.	including remissions, to be
			undergone
1.		Murders relating to sexual matters or arising	
		out of relations with women etc.	, a
	a.	Where the prisoner is the aggrieved person and	16 years
		has no previous criminal history and has	(Sixteen Years)
		committed the murder in an individual capacity	
		in a moment of anger and without premeditation.	
	b.	Where the crime as above is committed by the	18 years
		aggrieved person but with premeditation.	(Eighteen Years)
	c.	Where the crime is committed against the	18 years
		aggrieved person but without premeditation.	(Eighteen Years)
	d.	Where the crime is committed against the	20 years
		aggrieved person but with premeditation.	(Twenty Years)
	e.	Where the crime is committed with exceptional	24 years
		violence or with perversity.	(Twenty-Four Years)
2.		Murders arising out of land disputes, family	
17 m 17 m 18 m 18 m 18 m 18 m 18 m 18 m		feuds, matters relating to family prestige etc	
	a.	If the offence is committed in an individual	16 years
		capacity and without premeditation and the	(Sixteen Years)
		prisoner has no previous criminal history.	
	Ь.	Crime committed as at (a) above but with .	18 years
		premeditation or as a gang.	(Eighteen Years)
3.		Murders for Other Reasons	
	a.	Where a murder is committed in the course of a	16 years
		quarrel etc. without premeditation and in an	(Sixteen Years)
		individual capacity and where the prisoner has no	
		previous criminal history.	
	b.	As at (a) above but with premeditation or as a	18 years
		gang.	(Eighteen Years)

4.		Hardened Criminals	
		Prisoners whose crime forms part and parcel of	22 years
		other criminal activities like theft. smuggling or	(Twenty-Two Years)
		breaking of other laws such as those relating to	
		prohibition. gambling or immoral trafficking in	
		women and girls: also hired killers and those	
		convicted of murders during dacoities and	
		robberies.	4
5.		Political Rivalry	and the condition of th
		Prisoners convicted of murders arising out of	22 years
		political rivalry and involving a fair amount of	(Twenty-Two Years)
		prior planning and organization.	
6.		Escapees	
		Prisoners who have escaped from lawful custody	24 years
	****	while undergoing imprisonment or who have	(Twenty-Four Years)
		absconded while on Parole or Furlough Leave	
7.		Death Sentence Commuted by Government	
		Prisoners in whose cases death sentence is	24 years
		commuted to life imprisonment by Government.	(Twenty-Four Years)
8.		Persons Sentenced to Life imprisonment for	24 years
		offences like (a) Offences against the state	(Twenty-Four Years)
		[Chapter VI I.P.C.] (b) Abetment of mutiny.	
		political rivalry and involvement [Sec. 131, 132	
		I.P.C.] (c) Offences against public justice [Sec.	
		222 and 225 of the I.P.C.J (d) Offences in respect	
		to Coinage. Stamps etc. [Sections 232, 238, 255]	
		I.P.C.] etc.	

2. The Criteria in the guidelines prescribed in the preceding paragraph refer to normal cases i.e. the cases of prisoners with normal features and having good behavior in the prisons. However, prisoners having exceptionally good behavior or possessing factors, which justify a sympathetic consideration, may be released earlier by a period up to one year than that specified in the guidelines. Similarly, prisoners whose cases possess

unfavourable factors requiring a longer detention could be detained for a further period of up to two years beyond that specified in the guidelines. The Prison Advisory Boards should consider the cases of premature release of prisoners on the basis of these guiding principles, and make specific recommendations in this behalf. While submitting the cases of lifers to Government, for review under the 14 year rule, the recommendation of the Advisory Boards in each case, based on the above mentioned guiding principles, and the recommendation of the Inspector General of Prisons should invariably be submitted to the Government. In cases, where the Inspector General of Prisons defers from the recommendation of the Prison Advisory Boards, reasons for the difference in the views should also be furnished in the reports under the 14 year rule.

3. I am to request that the above mentioned revised guiding principles may hereafter be followed in making recommendations to Government about premature release of prisoners while submitting their cases under the 14 year rule. The cases of prisoners, which have already been decided up to 31<sup>st</sup> October 1978 under the 14 year rule on the basis of previous guiding principles should <u>not</u> be reopened. Necessary instructions in this regard may please be issued to the Prison Advisory Boards as well as to the Superintendents of Prisons and the Dy. Inspectors General of Prisons.

SD/(S.D. Deshpande.)
Deputy Secretary to the Government of Maharashtra, Home Department.

#### **Immediate**

## **LETTER**

To,

The Inspector General of Prisons.

Maharashtra State.

Pune.

No. RLP-1092/13/252/PRS3 Home Department, Mantralaya. Bombay 400032.

Dated 11th May1992.

Subject: Guidelines for Pre-Mature Release of
Under the '14 year rule' of
Prisoners serving Life Sentence.
After 18<sup>th</sup> December 1978

Reference: Government letter. Home department.

No. RLP-1077/348 / PRS 3, dated the

16<sup>th</sup> November 1978.

"In view of the amendment to Criminal Procedure Code 1973and introduction of section 433. A by Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Act 1978 imposing restrictions on the power of the Appropriate Government to remit the sentences of prisoners—convicted after 18<sup>th</sup> December 1973, the existing guidelines issued by letter, dated 16<sup>th</sup> November 1978 under reference had become inapplicable in the cases of prisoners undergoing Life imprisonment covered by section 433-A Criminal Procedure Code. The question of framing revised guidelines in consonance with section 433-A Criminal Procedure Code was therefore, under consideration of the Government. The Government is now pleased to issue revised guidelines for considering the cases of such prisoners convicted after 18<sup>th</sup> December 1978 for Pre-mature release. The earlier guidelines dated the 16<sup>th</sup> November 1978 however continue to apply the cases of the

convicts not covered by section 433-A excepting those which are specifically included in the revised guidelines, namely the convicts covered under Category No. 8"

- 2. The guiding principles laid down herein indicates only a broad division of the pattern of crimes for the purpose of premature release prisoners sentenced to imprisonment for Life after 18<sup>th</sup> December 1978 and do not cover all the categories of prisoners for various offences.
- \* 3. The criteria in the guidelines prescribed refer to normal cases i.e. the cases of prisoners with normal features and having good behavior in the prisons. While submitting the cases of such prisoners to Government for review under the 14 year rules" on completion of 12 years of actual imprisonment, the recommendations of the Advisory Board in each case, based on the above mentioned guiding principles and the recommendations of the Inspector General of Prisons should invariably be submitted to the Government.
- 4. In cases, where the Inspector General of Prisons defers from the recommendation of the Prison Advisory Boards, reasons for the difference in the views should also be furnished in the reports under the 14 year rule.
  - 5.The enclosed revised guiding principles may, therefore please be followed in making recommendations to Government about premature release of prisoners while submitting their cases under the '14 Year Rule'. The State Government will then consider these cases for remission of sentence and issue orders in exercise of powers vested in it under sections 432 of Cr.P.C.

SD/-

(M.G. Bandekar.)

Deputy Secretary to the Government of Maharashtra. Home Department.

# GUIDELINES FOR PREMATURE RELEASE OF PRISONERS SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR TO DEATH PENALTY COMMUTED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT AFTER 18<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER 1973

Sr.	No.	Categorisation of Crime	Period of imprisonment to be undergone including remissions subject to a minimum of 14 years of Actual Imprisonment including Set-off period.
1.		Murders relating to sexual matters or arising out	of relations with women, dowry
		deaths or other form of bride killing etc	22 years
	a.	Where the convict is the aggrieved person and has no previous criminal history and has committed	LL yours
		the murder in an individual capacity in a moment	
		of anger and without premeditation.	
	b.	Where the crime as above is committed by the	24 years
		aggrieved person but with premeditation.	
	c.	Where the crime is committed against the	24 years
		aggrieved person without premeditation.	
	d.	Where the crime is committed against the	26 years
		aggrieved person with premeditation.	
	ė.	Where the crime is committed with exceptional	28 years
		violence or with perversity.	_
2.		Murders arising out of land disputes, family feuc	ds, family prestige & superstition.
	a.	If the offence is committed in an individual	22 years
		capacity and without premeditation and the	
		prisoner has no previous criminal history.	
	b.	Crime committed as above with premeditation or	24 years
		by a gang.	100 Table 100 Ta
3.		Murders for Other Reasons	The state of the s
	a.	Where a murder is committed in the course of a	22 years
		quarrel without premeditation and in an individual	
		capacity and where the prisoner has no previous	
	1	criminal history.	21
	b.	As at (a) above but with premeditation or as a	24 years
		gang.  Murdaya resulting from trade union activities and	26 years
	C.	Murders resulting from trade union activities and business rivalry.	20 years
	1	business rivarry.	

	d.	Murder committed with premeditation and with	26 years
		exceptional violence or with perversity.	
4.		Murder for Political Reasons	
	a.	Murders arising out of political rivalry and	24 years
		political interest without premeditation.	
	b.	Murders arising out of political rivalry and	26 years
		political interest with premeditation.	
	C.	Murders committed in the pursuance of a political	30 years
		philosophy and as a means to acquire political	
		powers as by terrorist or extremist groups.	
5.		Murders by Professional Criminals	
	a.	Murders committed by dacoits and robbers in the	26 years
		act of committing dacoities and robberies	
	b.	Murders committed by gangsters, contract killers,	28 years
		smugglers, drug traffickers, racketeers.	•
		bootleggers, gamblers, flesh traders and those	
		indulging in other terms of organised crime in	
		furtherance of their criminal activities.	
6.		Escapers	
	a.	Prisoners who have escaped from lawful custody	28 years
		while undergoing imprisonment or who absconded	3
		while on Parole or Furlough.	
7.		Death Sentence Commuted to life Imprisonment	
	a.	Prisoners in whose cases death sentence has been	30 years
		commuted to life imprisonment.	
8.		Prisoners guilty of offences not involving murder	who are sentenced to life
		imprisonment	6
	a.	Persons Sentenced to Life imprisonment for	30 years
	-	offences like (a) Offences against the state	*
		[Chapter VI] I.P.C. (b) Abetment of mutiny.	× ·
		political rivalry and involvement [Sec. 131, 132	
		I.P.C.] (c) Offences against public justice [Sec.	
		222 and 225 of the I.P.C.] (d) Offences in respect	
		to Coinage. Stamps etc. [Sections 232, 238, 255	
		I.P.C.] etc.	

Guidelines for Premature Release Under the '14 year Rule of Prisoners serving life sentence after 18<sup>th</sup> December 1978

## GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA

Home Department,

Government Resolution No. RLP-1006/CR 621/PRS 3.

Mantralaya, Mumbai 400032.

## Dated 11<sup>th</sup> April 2008.

Read

: Government Letter No. RLP-1092/13/252/PRS 3.
Dated 11<sup>th</sup> May 1992.

## Resolution:

After amendment to the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 by Criminal Procedure Act (Amendment) 1978 restricting the power of appropriate Govt. to remit the sentence of the convict under section 433 A, the State Govt. framed the guidelines as laid down in Govt. letter No. RLP-1092/30/352/PRS 3. dated 11/05/1992. However, no guidelines were framed for those convicts undergoing life sentence and not covered by section 433 A of the Cr.P.C. For that purpose, guidelines issued in the Govt. letter No. RLP-1077/348/PRS 3 dated 16/11/1978 were being relied upon. The question of revising guidelines already laid down in the Govt. letter dated 11/05/1992 as well as the question of laying down detailed guidelines for premature release of the life convicts not covered under sections 433 A of the Code of Criminal Procedure was under consideration of the Govt. After due consultations with various departments and Non-Govt. Organisations (NGO's) the Govt. has decided to lay down revised guidelines as per Annexure I in place of the guidelines dated 11/05/1992 and new guidelines as per Annexure II annexed to this resolution.

2. These guidelines will be applicable from the date of issue of this Govt. resolution and will supersede all earlier orders and guidelines. These guidelines will be applicable in the normal course to the convicts undergoing life sentence and those having good behavior while undergoing the sentence.

Annexure I

Category No.		Categorisation of Crime	Period of imprisonment to be undergone including remissions subject to a minimum of 14 years of Actual Imprisonment including Set-off period.	
1.		Offences relating to Crimes by Women		
	a.	Where the convict has no previous criminal	18 years	
		history and has committed the murder in an		
		individual capacity in a moment of anger and	a	
		without premeditation or under physical, mental provocation	9	
	b.	Where the convict has committed the murder with	20 years	
i		premeditation		
2.		Offences relating to crimes against Women and	Minors	
	a.	Where the convict has no previous criminal	20 years	
		history and has committed the murder in an		
		individual capacity in a moment of anger and		
		without premeditation.	2	
	b.	Where the Crime as above committed with	22 years	
		premeditation.		
	c.	Where the Crime is committed with exceptional	26 years	
		violence and /or with brutality or death of victim		
		due to burns.		
	d.	murder with rape.	28 years	
3.		Murder arising out of Land dispute, family feud	s, family prestige and	
		superstition.		
	a.	If the offence is committed in an individual	20 years	
	-	capacity and without premeditation.		
	b.	Crime committed as above with premeditation.	22 years	
		either individually or by a gang.		
4.		Murder for other reasons		
	a.	Where the murder is committed in the course of	20 years	
		quarrel without premeditation in an individual		
		capacity and the person has no previous criminal		
		history.		

The second second	b.	Murders resulting from trade union activities and business rivalries	22 years
	c.	Crime committed (a) above but with premeditation. or by a gang or by a person having criminal history.	24 years
	d.	Murder committed with premeditation and / with exceptional violence and / or brutality	26 years
services (1) in 1	e.	Murders committed by dacoits and robbers in the act of committing dacoity and robberies	26 years
A,11	f.	Murders committed by bootleggers, gamblers. flesh traders etc.	26 years
5.		Murders for Political Reasons	
	a.	Murders arising out of political rivalry and political interest without premeditation	24 years
	b.	Murders arising out of political rivalry and political interest with premeditation	26 years
	c.	Murders committed in pursuance of a political philosophy and as a mean to acquire political powers as / by terrorist or extremist group.	30 years
6.		Murders Committed by gangsters, contract killers, racketeers etc.	28 years
7.		Escapees	to an extra morning and an extra morning
	a.	Prisoners who are declared absconders under section 82 of the Cr.P.C. 1973	26 years
	b.	Prisoners who have escaped from lawful custody while undergoing imprisonment	28 years
8.		Prisoners whose death sentence has been commuted to life imprisonment	30 years
9.		Any other such offences which are of exceptional and /or heinous nature and / or those indulging in other forms of organised crime in furtherance of their criminal activities, the State Govt, shall have power to reject the proposal for premature release or remit only such period which it deems fit.	It may be decided taking into consideration the nature of the offence and effects of crime on the society at large and also the conduct of the convict

## Annexure II

		DER WHO ARE SENTENCED NMENT WHERE SECTION 433	
Sr. No.	I.P.C. Section	Nature of Offence	Period of imprisonment to be undergone including remissions subject to a minimum of 10 years of Actual Imprisonment including Set-off period.
1.	304, 304(a), 307	Persons guilty of homicides not amounting to murder, causing death by negligence, attempt to murder etc.	14 years
2.	304(b)	Persons guilty of causing Death by Dowry	20 years
3.	311	Persons guilty of under this	14 years
4(a).	313, 314	section (thugs) Persons guilty of causing miscarriage of unborn child without woman's consent or any such act which results in her death.	14 years
4(b).		Incase such victim is minor	16 years
5.	326, 329	Persons guilty of causing grievous hurt under these sections	14 years
6.	363(A)(2)	Persons guilty of kidnapping for maiming	18 years
7(a).	364	Persons guilty of kidnapping for ransom	16 years
7(b).	364	Incase such victim is minor	18 years
8(a).	376	Persons guilty in Rape cases	18 years
8(b).	376	Where victim is minor	20 years
8(c)	376(1)	Rape of physically handicapped or mentally retarded female, pregnant woman, gang rape or custodial rape	22 years

9.	388-400	Persons guilty of extortion. robbery, dacoity etc under these sections	14 years
10.	409	Persons guilty of criminal breach of trust under this section	14 years
11.	412.413	Persons guilty of offences related to stolen property under these sections	14 years
12.	436. 438	Persons guilty of mischief described under these sections	14 years
13.	449	Persons guilty of house trespass in order to commit offence punishable with death	20 years
14.	459	Persons guilty of causing grievous hurt whilst committing house break or house trespass	14 years
15.	460	Persons guilty of in-lurking, house trespass, or home breaking where death or grievous hurt is caused	18 years
16.	467, 472, 474, 475, 489(a), 489(b), 489(d)	Persons guilty of forgery or counterfeit substance etc.	14 years
17.	222, 225	Persons guilty of offences described under these sections	20 years
18.	232, 238, 255	Offences relating to of Coin & Govt. Stamps. Counterfeiting Govt. Stamps.	20 years
19.		Persons sentenced to Life Imprisonment for offences like (a) Offences against the State [Chapter VI I.P.C.], (b) Abetment of Mutiny [Sec. 130, 132 I.P.C.], (c) Offences against public justice [Sec. 222 and 225 of the I.P.C.]	30 years
20.		Persons sentenced to life imprisonment for crimes which are not covered by the above mentioned guidelines laid down by the Govt.	It may be decided taking into consideration the nature of the offence and effects of crime on the society at large and also the conduct of the convict

Guidelines for Premature Release Under the '14 year Rule of Prisoners serving life sentence.

#### **GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA**

Home Department,

Government Resolution No. RLP-1006/CR 621/PRS 3.

Mantralaya, Mumbai 400032.

## Dated 15th March 2010.

#### Read:

- 1. Government letter Home department No. RLP-1077/348/PRS-3, dated 16<sup>th</sup> November 1978.
- 2. Government letter Home department No. RLP-1092/13/252/PRS-3. dated 11<sup>th</sup> May 1992.
- 3. Government letter Home department No. RLP-1006/CR 621/PRS-3. dated 11<sup>th</sup> April 2008 and 13<sup>th</sup> June 2008.

## Resolution

Government has revised guidelines for premature release of prisoners undergoing life sentence from time to time. These guidelines are applicable to prisoners committing crimes mentioned in the Indian Penal Code. However the said guidelines do not cover grave offences such as life imprisonment under stringent clause like TADA. MCOCA, POTA etc. Therefore in exercise of power vested in it under section 432 of the Criminal Procedure Code 1973, the State Government has decided to modify the existing guidelines of even number dated 11<sup>th</sup> April 2008 & dated 13<sup>th</sup> June 2008 and pleased to sanction revised guidelines. These revised guidelines are enclosed herewith as Annexure I and Annexure II. These guidelines will be applicable to the prisoners who are convicted on or after the date of issue of this Government Resolution.

2. In case of life convicts covered under these guidelines, the process of review shall commence after completion of 12 years of actual imprisonment for review under the "14 year rule" to which provision of section of 433 A of the Code of Criminal Procedure are applicable and after completion of 8 years to which provisions of section of 433 A of the Code is not applicable. Prisoners convicted for offences against State or in terrorist activities or organised crime or similar nature of activities will not be selected for Open Prison.

- 3. If there is a difference of opinion between the Prison Advisory Board and Inspector General of Prisons, Maharashtra State Pune, Inspector General of Prisons shall record the specific reasons in support of his recommendations.
- 4. The State Government reserves its rights to remit any sentence to release the prisoners only after undergoing imprisonment in excess for which there is no specific guidelines as mentioned in the Annexures enclosed with this Government Resolution.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Maharashtra Sd/-

(S.C. Mondkar)

Deputy Secretary to the Government.

Home Department.

To:

The Principal Secretary to the Governor of Maharashtra.

The Principal Secretary to the Chief Minister, State of Maharashtra.

The Addl. Chief Secretary (Home), Home Department, Mantralaya, Mumbai.

The Principal Secretary (A & S), Home Department, Mantralaya, Mumbai.

The Secretary to the Deputy Chief Minister.

The Private Secretary to the Minister (Home).

The Private Secretary to the Minister for State (Prisons).

The Inspector General of Prisons. Maharashtra State, Pune. (5 copies)

All Deputy Inspector General of Prisons.

All Superintendents of Central / District / Open Prison. (2 copies)

All Desks, Home Department, Mantralaya, Mumbai.

The Government Pleader, High Court of Mumbai (Appellate Branch) / Bench at Nagpur & Aurangabad. (5 copies).

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## Annexure I

Category No.	Sub- category	Categorisation of Crime	Period of imprisonment to be undergone including remissions subject to a minimum of 14 years of
			Actual Imprisonment including Set-off period.
1.		Offences relating to Crime by Women	
	a.	Where the convict has no previous criminal	18 years
		history and has committed the murder in an	
	100	individual capacity in a moment of anger	
		and without premeditation or under	
		physical, mental provocation	
	b.	Where the convict has committed the	20 years
	4 mm and a 4 mm	murder with premeditation	
2.		Offences relating to crime against Women	and Minors
	a.	Where the convict has no previous criminal	20 years
		history and has committed the murder in an	
		individual capacity in a moment of anger	
		and without premeditation.	
	b.	Where the Crime as mentioned above	22 years
i		committed with premeditation.	
	c.	Where the Crime is committed with	26 years
		exceptional violence and for with brutality	
		or death of victim due to burns.	
	d.	Murder with rape.	28 years
3.		Murder arising out of Land dispute, famil	ly feuds, family prestige and
		superstition.	
	a.	If the offence is committed in an individual	20 years
		capacity and without premeditation.	
1	and the state of the state of	I a company to the co	Many as the second control of the second con

	b.	Crime committed as above with	22 years
		premeditation, either individually or by a	
		gang.	
4.		Murder for other reasons	
	a.	Where the murder is committed without	20 years
	-	premeditation in an individual capacity and	
		the person has no previous criminal	
		history.	*
	b.	Crime committed with premeditation, or a	22 years
		person having criminal history.	<u> </u>
	c.	Murders resulting from trade union	22 years
		activities and business rivalries	
	d.	Murders committed by more than one	24 years
		person or group of persons	
	e.	Murder committed with exceptional	26 years
		violence / brutality / kidnapping; Murders	
		committed by dacoits and robbers in the	2
		act of committing dacoity and robberies;	
-		Murders committed by bootleggers.	
		gamblers, flesh traders etc.	
5.		Murders for Political Reasons	de la company
	a.	Murders arising out of political rivalry and	24 years
		political interest without premeditation	The state of the s
	b.	Murders arising out of political rivalry and	26 years
		political interest with premeditation	,
6.		Murders for Serious Offences	
	a.	Murders committed by gangsters, contract	28 years
		killers, racketeers etc.	
	b.	Persons already convicted for life and is	30 years
		convicted again for murder	
			Responsi salah in 1, 2

C.	Convict awarded more than one life	30 years
	sentenced and sentences running	
	concurrently	
d.	Prisoners whose death sentence has been	30 years
	commuted to life imprisonment	
	PUNISHMENT UNDER THE SPECIAL	ACTS SUCH AS TADA,
	MCOCA, POTA FOR MURDER	
	Offences committed against the state /	
	Offences committed by extremists /	
	terrorists / Organised crimes or similar	
	nature of offences :-	
a.	Convict awarded one life sentence	40 years
b.	Convict awarded two life sentences and	50 years
	sentences running concurrently	
C.	Convict awarded more than two life	60 years
	sentenced and sentences running	
	concurrently	
	Any other such offences which are of	The State Government w
	exceptional / heinous nature and not	decide individual cases of
	specifically covered in the above	merit.
	categories	
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## Annexure II

		Time Adve XX	
	PERSONS GUIL	TY OF OFFENCES NOT	200
	INVOLVING	MURDER WHO ARE	
	SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT		
	WHERE SECTION	433 (A) OF CR.P.C. IS NOT	
	APPLICABLE		
Category	I.P.C. Section	Nature of Offence	Period of imprisonment to
			be undergone including
			remissions subject to a
			minimum of 10 years of
			Actual Imprisonment
			including Set-off period.
1.	304. 304(a). 307	Persons guilty of homicides	14 years
		not amounting to murder.	
		causing death by negligence.	
		attempt to murder etc.	
2.	304(b)	Persons guilty of causing	20 years
		Death for Dowry	
3.	311	Persons guilty under this	14 years
4(a).	313. 314	section (thugs) Persons guilty of causing	14 years
7(a).	313.314	miscarriage of unborn child	i 14 years
		without woman's consent or	
		any such act which results in	
4(b).		her death.	16
1	226 220	Incase such victim is minor	16 years
5.	326. 329	Persons guilty of causing grievous hurt under these	14 years
		sections	
6.	363(A)(2)	Persons guilty of kidnapping	18 years
		for maiming	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7(a).	364	Persons guilty of kidnapping	16 years
7(b).	364	for ransom Inease such victim is minor	18 years
8(a).	376	Persons guilty in Rape cases	18 years
8(b).	376	Where victim is minor	20 years
8(c)	376(1)	Rape of physically	22 years
		handicapped or mentally	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		retarded female, pregnant	
		woman, gang rape or	
	300 0 100 0	custodial rape	

9.	388-400	Persons guilty of extortion. robbery, dacoity etc under these sections	14 years
10.	409	Persons guilty of criminal breach of trust under this section	14 years
11.	412,413	Persons guilty of offences related to stolen property under these sections	14 years
12.	436, 438	Persons guilty of mischief described under these sections	14 years
13.	449	Persons guilty of house trespass in order to commit offence punishable with death	20 years
14.	459	Persons guilty of causing grievous hurt whilst committing house break or house trespass	14 years
15.	460	Persons guilty of causing grievous hurt or death while committing house trespass or house breaking.	18 years
16.	467, 472, 474, 475, 489(a), 489(b), 489(d)	Persons guilty of forgery or counterfeit substances etc.	14 years
17.	222. 225	Persons guilty of offences described under these sections	20 years
18.	232, 238, 255	Offences relating to of Coin & Govt. Stamps, Counterfeiting Govt. Stamps.	20 years
19.		Offences against the State	30 years
20.		Offences by extremists / terrorists / organised crimes or similar nature of offences	40 years
21.		Any other such offences which are not specifically covered in above categories.	The State Govt. will decide individual cases on merit.